Women: Time-Based Positive Commandments/Mitzvot: Obligations

In addition to prayer obligations (see Women: Minimal Prayer), women and girls 12 years old and up are required to keep these time-dependent positive commandments, among others:

- Candle-lighting for Chanuka (see Chanuka: Candles: Who Should Light)
- Candle-lighting for Shabbat, Jewish festivals, Rosh Hashana, and Yom Kippur.
- Havdala (say or hear) after Shabbat, Jewish festivals, Rosh Hashana, and Yom Kippur.
- <u>Kiddush</u> (say or hear) on the first night (or first two nights outside <u>Eretz Yisrael</u>) of every <u>Jewish festival</u>, and also the next morning.
- Passover (all commandments, including eating matza at the Passover seder).
 - NOTE Because she must eat <u>matza</u>, she must therefore say <u>birkat ha'mazon</u> afterward (so if a woman omits <u>ya'ale v'yavo</u> in <u>birkat ha'mazon</u> at the <u>seder</u>, she must repeat <u>birkat ha'mazon!</u>).
- Megila on Purim.
- *Shabbat* (For why women must keep time-dependent, positive commandments on *Shabbat*, see Introduction to *Shabbat*)
- Shofar on Rosh Hashana.
 - NOTE Jewish women universally accepted upon themselves to hear *shofar* on *Rosh Hashana*, but they only need to hear 30 blasts.
- Hearing the reading of Parashat *Zachor*.

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