PEACE IN THE HOME (SHALOM BAYIT)

Introduction to Shalom Bayit

<u>Shalom bayit</u> is a family at peace, as one unit. When leniencies in law are used to avoid intrafamily conflicts, customs and *d'rabanan <u>halachot</u>* can sometimes be overridden. But *d'oraita <u>halachot</u>* may not be violated. Consult a *rabbi*.

SITUATION

You want to go to *minyan* but your wife is overwhelmed with trying to feed several children and she asks you to help.

WHAT TO DO

You must miss *minyan* and help her since your wife's needs take precedence over your wish to pray with a *minyan*.

NOTE With *shalom bayit* problems between spouses, a *rabbi* should be consulted for details.

NOTE Once someone is married, his or her in-laws are part of his or her family and are included in *shalom bayit* rules.

Shalom Bayit: Non-Observant Parents and In-Laws

Ba'alei <u>teshuva</u> often have problems with issues of <u>kashrut</u> in their parents' homes. Pots, dishes, and utensils might not be <u>kosher</u> or toveled. Consult a <u>rabbi</u>. Questions of <u>bishul akum</u> (cooking that was done by a non-Jew) might apply to non-shomer <u>Shabbat</u> parents, but the custom is to be lenient.

If the parent's kitchen is known to be non-*kosher*, food must be prepared with care (see <u>How To</u> <u>Use a Non-Kosher Kitchen</u>). If the parents do not lie to their children, they may be trusted as to the source of food and its *kosher* status.

Since we may not eat from dishes or utensils that have not been toveled (immersed in a *mikva*), you may want to consider *toveling* your parents' dishes or utensils, or using disposable goods. In such cases, it is OK to use china that has not been toveled.

© Copyright 2025 Richard B. Aiken | www.practicalhalacha.com